WE CLAIM:

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- 1. A chimeric antisense oligonucleotide comprising: a 5' terminus; a 3' terminus and from 11 to 59 5' · 3' - linked nucleotides capable of contiguously hybridizing to a specific RNA and independently selected from the group consisting of 2'-modified phosphodiester nucleotides, and 2'-modified Palkyloxyphosphotriester nucleotides; and wherein said 11 to 59 5' ⋅ 3' - linked nucleotides are divided by an RNase Hactivating region capable of contiguously hybridizing to the specific RNA and of between three and ten contiguous phosphorothioate-linked deoxyribonucleotides, and wherein the 3' terminus of said oligonucleotide is drawn from the group consisting of: an inverted deoxyribonucleotide, a contiguous stretch of one to three phosphorothicate 2'-modified ribonucleotides, a biotin group, and a Palkyloxyphosphodiester nucleotide, and wherein the 5' terminus of said oligonucleotide is drawn from the group consisting of: an inverted deoxyribonucleotide, a contiguous stretch of one to three phosphorothioate 2'-modified ribonucleotides, a biotin group, and a Palkyloxyphosphodiester nucleotide.
- 2. The oligonucleotide of claim 1, provided the 3' terminus is not blocked by a $3' \rightarrow 3'$ phosphorothicate linked nucleotide.
- 3. The oligonucleotide of claim 1, in which the 3' terminus is blocked by a moiety comprising a $3' \rightarrow 3'$ phosphorothicate linked nucleotide.
- 4. The oligonucleotide of claim 1, in which the 3' terminus is blocked by a moiety comprising a $3' \rightarrow 3'$ phosphodiester linked nucleotide.
- 5. The oligonucleotide of claim 4, in which the 3' most $5' \rightarrow 3'$ internucleotide linkage is a phosphorothicate linkage or a Pethoxyphosphotriester linkage.

- 6. The oligonucleotide of claim 4, in which the 5' most $5' \cdot 3'$ internucleotide linkage is a phosphorothicate linkage or a Pethoxyphosphotriester linkage.
- 7. The oligonucleotide of claim 1, in which the 3' terminal nucleoside and the 5' most nucleotide are 2'-modified nucleotides.
- 8. The oligonucleotide of claim 7, in which the 5' most $5' \cdot 3'$ internucleotide linkage is a phosphorothicate linkage or a Pethoxyphosphotriester linkage.
- 9. The oligonucleotide of claim 8, in which the two 5' most 5'→3' internucleotide linkages are independently either a phosphorothioate linkage or a P-ethoxyphosphotriester linkage.
- 10. The oligonucleotide of claim 8, in which all phosphorothicate linkages are contiguous with the 3' most $5' \rightarrow 3'$ internucleotide linkage.
- 11. The oligonucleotide of claim 10, in which the 2'-modified nucleotide is a 2'-methoxy or 2'-fluoro nucleotide.
- 12. The oligonucleotide of claim 10, which comprises at least thirteen 2'-methoxy phosphodiester nucleotides.
- 13. The oligonucleotide of claim 10, having between 15 and 50 nucleotides.
- 14. The oligonucleotide of claim 13, which comprises at least eight 2'-methoxy phosphodiester nucleotides.
- 15. The oligonucleotide of claim 13, which comprises at least thirteen 2'-methoxy phosphodiester nucleotides.

- 16. The oligonucleotide of claim 1, in which the 2'-modified nucleotides are selected from the group consisting of 2'-fluoro and 2'-methoxy nucleotides.
- 17. The oligonucleotide of claim 1, in which there are no 2'-modified phosphorothioate nucleotides.
- A method of specifically cleaving an RNA in a cell 18. containing RNase H which comprises administering an effective amount of an oligonucleotide complementary to the RNA comprising: a 5' terminus; a 3' terminus; and from 11 to 59 5'-3'-linked nucleotides capable of contiguously hybridizing to the RNA and independently selected from the group consisting of 2'-modified phosphodiester nucleotides, 2'modified P-alkyloxyphosphotriester nucleotides; and wherein said 11 to 59 5'→3'-linked nucleotides are divided by an RNase H-activating region capable of contiguously hybridizing to the RNA and of between three and ten contiguous phosphorothioate-linked deoxyribonucleotides, and wherein the 3' terminus of said oligonucleotide is drawn from the group consisting of: an inverted deoxyribonucleotide, a contiguous stretch of one to three phosphorothioate deoyribonucleotides, phosphorothicate 2'-modified ribonucleotides, a biotin group, and a P-alkyloxyphosphodiester-linked nucleotide, and wherein the 5' terminus of said oligonucleotide is drawn from the group consisting of: an inverted deoxyribonucleotide, a contiguous stretch of one to three phosphorothioate deoyribonucleotides, phosphorothioate 2'-modified ribonucleotides, a biotin group, and a Palkyloxyphosphodiester-linked nucleotide.
- 19. A chimeric antisense oligonucleotide comprising:
 - a) an RNase H activation region capable of contiguously hybridizing to a specific RNA and having between 5 and 10 contiguous deoxyphosphorothioate nucleotides;

- b) between 4 to 59 contiguous 5'·3'-linked 2'-methoxy ribonucleotides capable of contiguously hybridizing to the specific RNA;
- end, the 5' end, or both the 3' and 5' ends of the oligonucleotide drawn from the group consisting of: a non-5'-3' phosphodiester-linked nucleotide, from one to three contiguous 5'-3'-linked modified nucleotides, and a non-nucleotide chemical blocking group.